



Small Modular Reactors:

Cornerstone of tomorrow's energy ecosystem?

21 April 2021

Anicet TOURE

Product Manager – SMR and advanced nuclear



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INTERNAL



RESTRICTED



CONFIDENTIAL

SMRs... a signal that cannot be ignored in OECD anymore



Fortum, Tractebel to assist in Estonian SMR deployment

28 January 2020

Estonia's Fermi Energia has signed Memoranda of Understanding (MoUs) with Finnish power company Fortum and Belgian engineering firm Tractebel to cooperate on studying the deployment of small modular reactors (SMRs) in the Baltic country.



Finnish firm launches SMR district heating project

24 February 2020

VTT Technical Research Centre in Finland has today announced the launch of a project to develop a small modular reactor for district heating. Most of the country's district heating is currently produced by burning coal, natural gas, wood fuels and peat, but it aims to phase out its use of coal in energy production by 2029.



OPG plans SMR construction at Darlington

16 November 2020

Ontario Power Generation (OPG) has announced it is resuming planning activities for building new nuclear generating capacity at its Darlington site in Ontario. However, it is now considering the construction of a small modular reactor (SMR) rather than a large conventional reactor, as previously envisaged.



Why are Small Modular Reactors different?

A business model that starts from the right questions



Recreate public trust
in nuclear **safety**?



Expand role in zero-
carbon **transition**?



Foster nuclear
investments?



Alleviate concern of
nuclear **waste**?

Small Modular Reactors bring sensible answers to crucial questions

Inherently safe

- Eliminate the risk of severe accident by making them physically impossible
- **Passively** cool down the reactor even in the most adverse conditions thanks to natural phenomena
- Reach safe state without human intervention
- Eliminate the need for evacuation of population

A catalyst for the zero-carbon transition

- Foster the penetration of intermittent renewables thanks to **built-in flexibility**
- Better size compatibility with market demand for non-electric usage: district heating, **hydrogen** production, desalination...
- Alternative coolant & higher temperature to enable far-reaching application : **industrial heat** & GWh-scale **energy storage**

Investment-grade new build projects

- Alleviate the financial burden of ultra-large infrastructure projects by refocusing on smaller projects
- Offset scale economy by mass production of **standardized** and **simplified** design
- Streamline delivery process

Turning wastes into watts

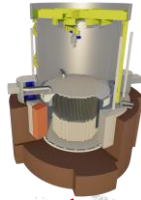
- Deepen overall sector sustainability with advanced fuel cycles
- Reduce nuclear waste by extracting more energy from same quantity of uranium
- Cut down lifetime of nuclear waste by **burning long-lived radioisotopes** in Advanced fast-neutron reactors
- Provide an alternative route for the radioactive waste produced in the current fleet

The vibrant international race for Advanced Nuclear



IMSR (Terrestrial) – TRL4
Thermal molten salt reactor

Image source: Terrestrial



SSR-W (Moltex) – TRL3
Waste-burner molten salt reactor



Image source:
Rosatom

KLT-40S (Rosatom) – TRL8
Floating nuclear power plant



Image source:
CGN

HTR-PM (CGN) – TRL7
High temperature gas cooled reactor



NuScale (Fluor) – TRL6
Multi-module Pressurized Water Reactor

Image source: NuScale



BWX-300 (GE-Hitachi) – TRL6
Boiling water reactor

Image source: General Electric - Hitachi

Caption

- Developer
- Expression of interest
- ★ Demonstrator built

Key figures

- 70+ concepts under design
- 6+ technology
- 10 countries leading development
- 2 FOAK designs built

Our approach to date

- Assessed most promising technologies
- Engaged with vendors
- Engaged with utilities and key industry conglomerate
- Investigated promising 'new' uses of nuclear energy

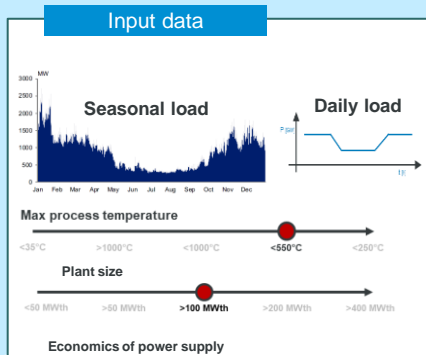
Identifying fitting SMR technologies

70+
SMRs

1

User requirements

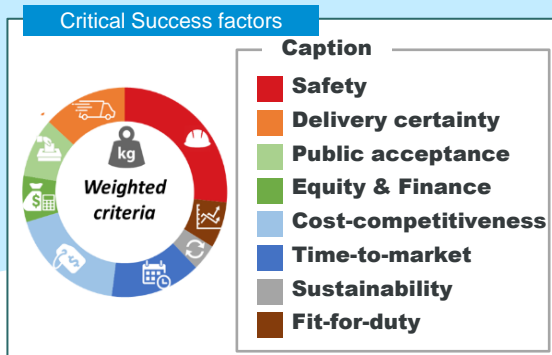
- Collect relevant data from user
- Establish assumptions, scenarios and associated list of requirements for SMR selection
- Define exclusion criteria
- Request for Information to Vendors



2

Technology selection

1. Preliminary filter through **exclusion** criteria (e.g. no-passive safety...)
2. First pass high-level **multi-criteria** comparative assessment based on public information
3. Second pass detailed comparative assessment based on RFI




























3

Market Integration

- Comparative analysis of lifecycle benefits (economics, carbon emissions)
- Site survey and selection based on vendor PPE
- Colocalization studies
- Deployment schedule



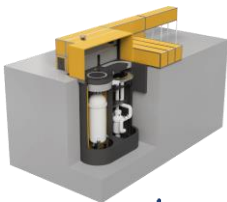
SMR technologies distinguishing features

Light Water Reactor	Molten Salt Reactor	High Temperature Gas-cooled Reactor	Sodium Fast Reactor
  Mid / late-2020s	 Mid 2030s (low TRL)	 Under commissioning	 Late-2020s
  Excellent passive safety No backup power	 Inherent passive safety High simplicity systems	 Excellent passive safety Elimination of core melt	 Excellent passive safety But sodium reactivity & void coefficient
  Possible load-following & desalination	 Load-following & heat applications	 Load-following & high T° applications	 Medium T° applications
  Not a long-term waste solution	 Prospects for waste solution	 Higher burn-up Not a long-term solution	 Closed fuel cycle and transmutation
  Good cost-competitiveness: 40 – 90\$/MWh	 Excellent expected competitiveness: 30 – 65 \$/MWh	 Lower competitiveness: 80 – 120\$/MWh	 Operational complexity

Mature SMR technologies starting today... Game-changing technologies tomorrow



2028



2026



Short-term deployment

- Well-established technologies
- Market initiators before the end of this decade

Versatile applications

- Deep decarbonization of energy sector

Micro Reactors

- Nuclear batteries
- New business model

Long-term sustainability

- Reduction of nuclear waste with Advanced Reactors



<2030



2029



TERRESTRIAL
ENERGY

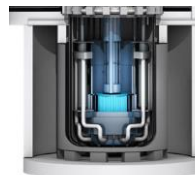


2021



清华大学
Tsinghua University

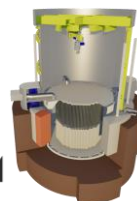
2027



NATRIUM



2032



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Known hurdles to SMR market deployment



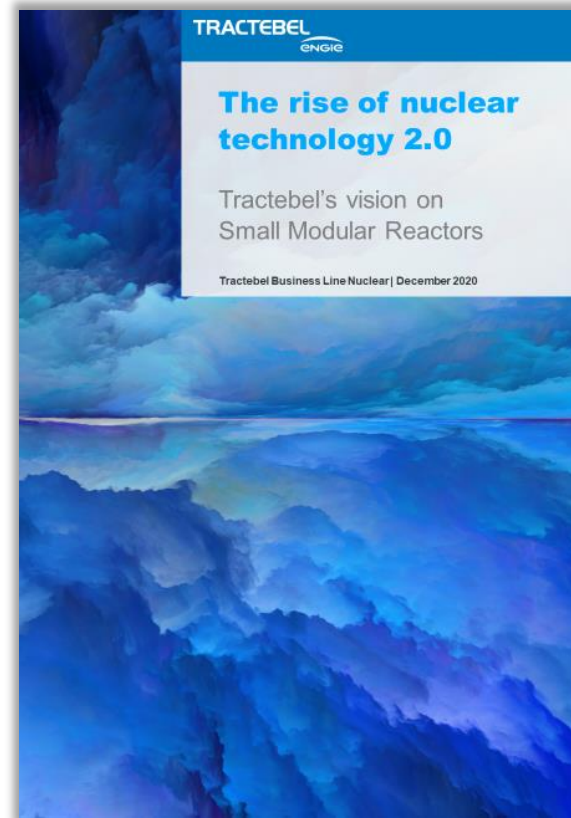
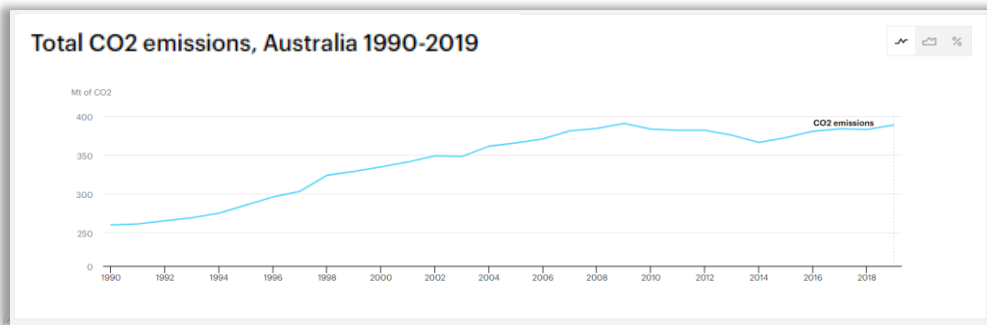
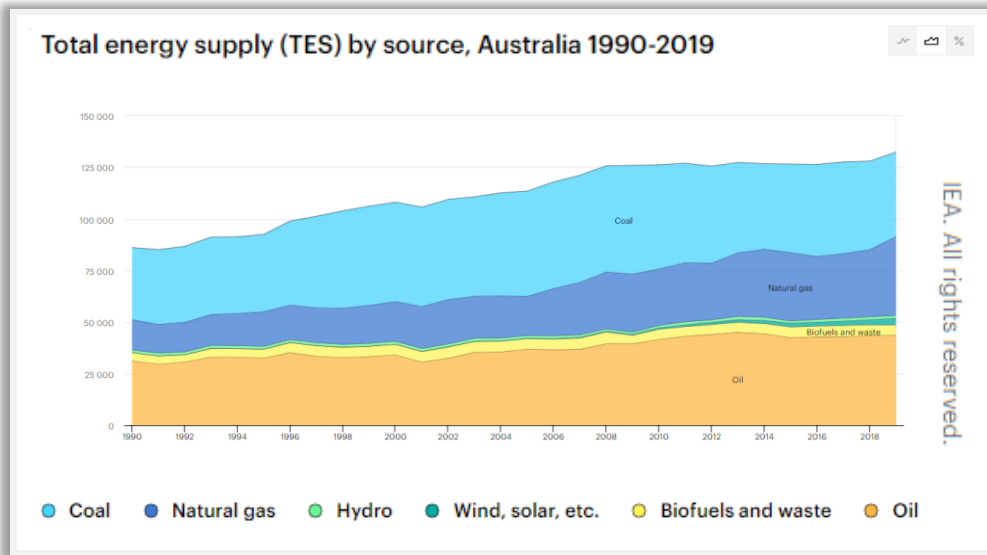
CHALLENGES



OPPORTUNITIES



Potential in tomorrow's energy landscape



Renewable enablers on the electricity market

Integrated view of the electricity market

TRACTEBEL



Plant-level

Production cost at market prices (LCOE)

Grid-level

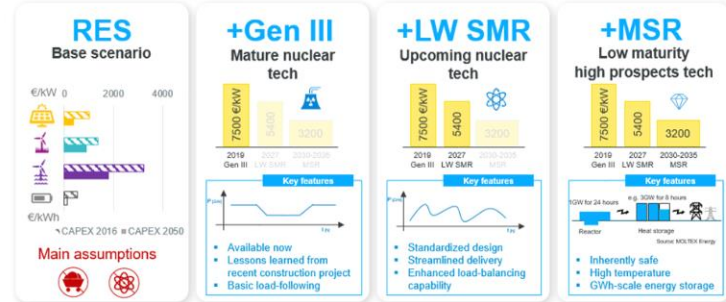
System cost of the whole electricity value chain

Societal-level

Full cost including external & social costs

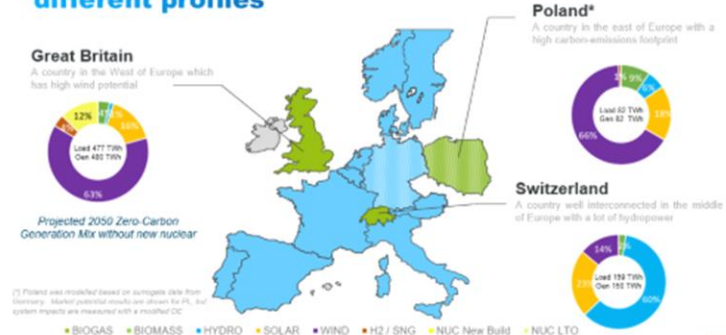
Analyzing the potential of nuclear generation in the carbon-free energy landscape...

TRACTEBEL



... from the perspective of countries with different profiles

TRACTEBEL



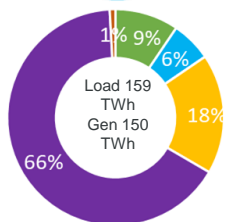
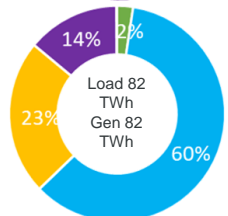
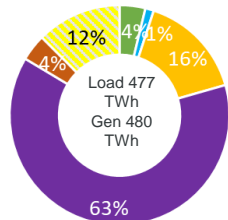
Snapshot of the prospects for Europe 2050


Great Britain

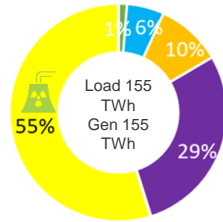
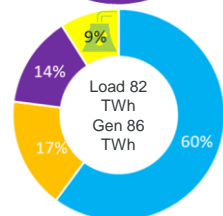
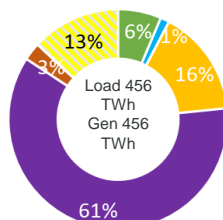

Switzerland


Poland

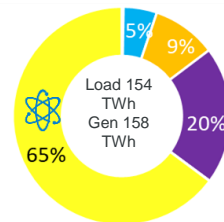
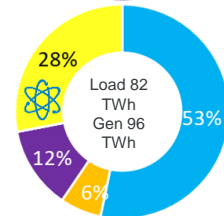
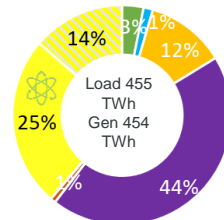
RES



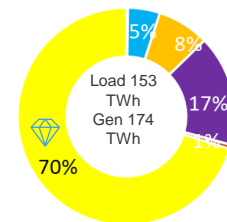
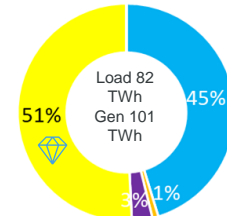
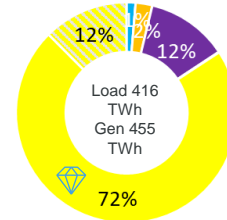
+Gen III



+LW SMR

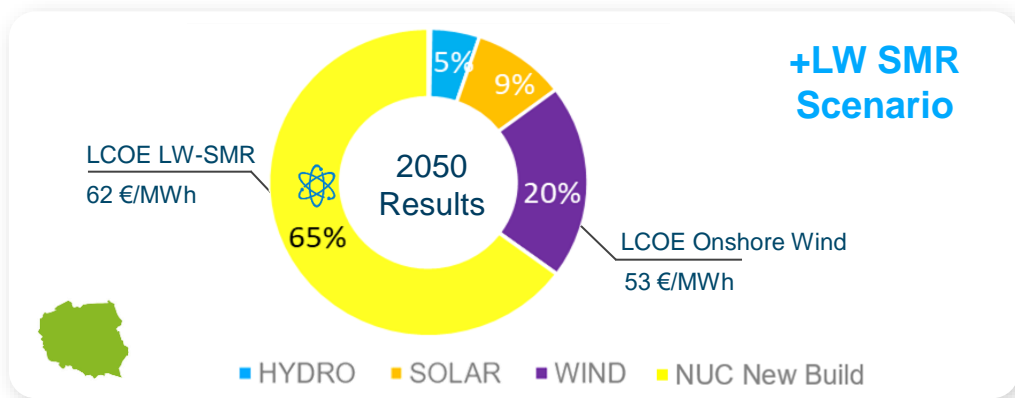


+MSR



■ BIOGAS ■ BIOMASS ■ HYDRO ■ SOLAR ■ WIND ■ H2 / SNG ■ NUC New Build ■ NUC LTO

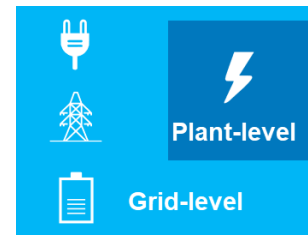
LCOE is not the whole story



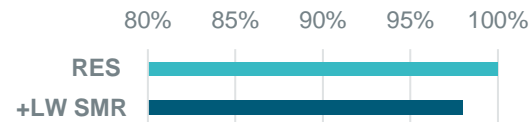
Key insights

- Higher penetration of NUC projected despite WIND lower **LCOE**
- Grid-level generation cost** is lower with **NUC** than 100% **RES**
 - Lower amount of storage required
 - Lower yearly electricity price
- Lower grid infrastructural transformation (storage, T&D) with flexible nuclear

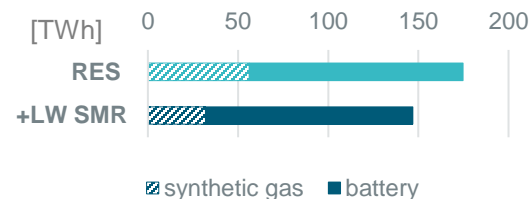
LCOE ≡ Levelized Cost Of Electricity



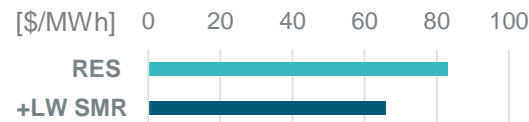
Total generation cost



Total Storage



Yearly electricity price



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Striving for a deep decarbonization of the economy

Expanding nuclear energy's role for the zero-carbon transition

SMR
Applications



① Dispatchable electricity



② District Heating



③ Desalination



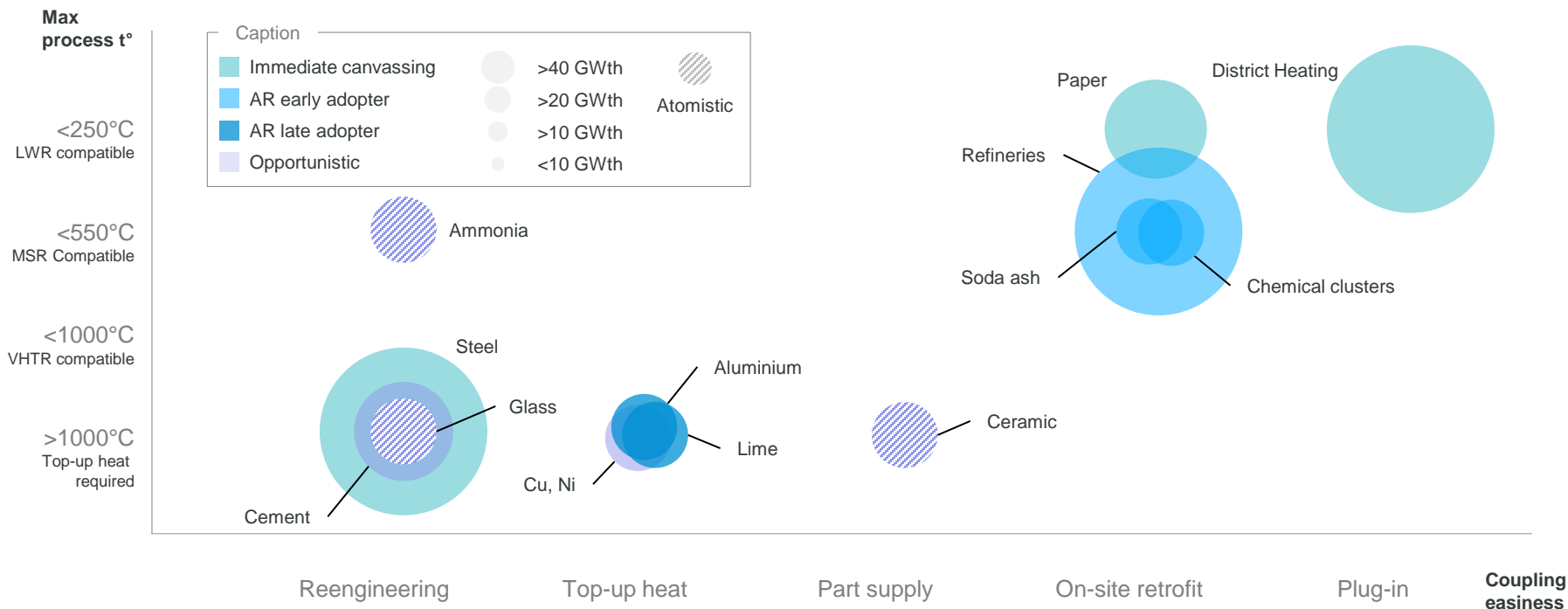
④ H₂ production




⑤ Process heat



Industrial affinity with SMR-based co-generation - Europe







Engineering a carbon-neutral future